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## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claim 1. (Previously Presented) A solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins, comprising:

(a) a dialkoxy magnesium compound, (b) titanium tetrachloride, (c) a phthalic acid diester or a derivative thereof, and (d<sup>1</sup>) a hydroxyl group-containing hydrocarbon compound having the following formula (1):

$$(R1)mX1(OH)n (1)$$

wherein  $R^1$  is an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group having 3 to 10 carbon atoms or a halogen atom, m, which represents the number of groups  $R^1$ , is 0, 1, or 2, wherein when m is 2, the two  $R^1$  groups may be either identical or different, n, which indicates the number of hydroxyl groups, is 2 or 3, and  $X^1$  represents a group obtainable by removing (m+n) hydrogen atoms from benzene, cyclopentane, cyclohexane or naphthalene.

Claim 2. (Previously Presented) A solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins comprising (a) a dialkoxy magnesium compound, (b) titanium tetrachloride, (c) a phthalic acid diester or a derivative thereof, and (d²) a mercapto group-containing hydrocarbon compound having the following formula (2):

$$(R^2)_s X^2 (SH)_t \tag{2}$$

wherein  $R^2$  is an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group having 3 to 10 carbon atoms or a halogen atom, s, which represents the number of the group  $R^2$ , indicates 0, 1, or 2, wherein when s is 2, the two  $R^2$  groups may be either identical or different, t, which indicates the number of mercapto groups, is 1 or 2, and  $X^2$  represents a

group obtainable by removing (s+t) hydrogen atoms from benzene, provided that when t is 1, s is 1 or 2.

Claim 3. (Canceled).

Claim 4. (Previously Presented) The solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins according to claim 1, wherein the component ( $d^1$ ) is a hydroxyl group-containing hydrocarbon compound having the structure of formula (1), wherein  $R^1$  is a cycloalkyl group having 3 to 10 carbon atoms, m, which indicates the number of groups  $R^1$ , is 1 or 2, n, which indicates the number of hydroxyl group, is 1, and  $X^1$  is a group obtainable by removing (m+n) hydrogen atoms from benzene.

Claim 5. (Previously Presented) The solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins according to claim 1, wherein the component (d<sup>1</sup>) is a hydroxyl. group-containing hydrocarbon compound having the structure of formula (1), wherein R<sup>1</sup> is an alkyl group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms or a halogen atom, n, which indicates the number of the hydroxyl groups, is 2 or 3, and X<sup>1</sup> is a group obtainable by removing (m+n) hydrogen atoms from cyclopentane or cyclohexane.

Claim 6. (Previously Presented) The solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins according to claim 1, wherein the component  $(d^l)$  is a hydroxyl group-containing hydrocarbon compound having the structure of the formula (1), wherein n, which indicates the number of the hydroxyl groups, is 2 or 3 and  $X^l$  is a group obtainable by removing (m+n) hydrogen atoms from benzene.

Claim 7. (Currently Amended) The solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins according to claim 1, wherein the component  $(d^1)$  is a hydroxyl group-containing hydrocarbon compound having the structure of formula (1), wherein  $R^1$  is an alkyl group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms or a halogen stout atom, n, which indicates the number of the hydroxyl groups, is 2 or 3, and  $X^1$  is a group obtainable by removing (m+n) hydrogen atoms from naphthalene.

Claim 8. (Original) The solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the component (c) is a phthalic acid diester or the derivative thereof represented by the following formula (3),

wherein R<sup>9</sup> is an alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms or a halogen atom, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> may be either identical or different, individually representing an alkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, and u, which indicates the number of R<sup>3</sup>, is 0, 1, or 2, provided that when u is 2, the two R<sup>3</sup> groups may be either identical or different, when u is 0, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are alkyl groups having a tertiary carbon atom and containing 4 to 8 carbon atoms.

Claim 9. (Previously Presented) A catalyst for polymerization of olefins comprising:

- (A) the solid catalyst component according to claim 1 or claim 2,
- (B) an organoaluminum compound of the following formula (4),

$$R^6pAlQ_{3-p} (4)$$

wherein  $R^6$  is an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, Q is a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and p is a real number satisfying an inequality 0 , and

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(C) an organosilicon compound of the following general formula (5):

$$R^{7}_{q}Si(OR^{8})_{4-q} \qquad (5)$$

wherein  $R^7$  may be either identical or different, individually representing an alkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group, a phenyl group, a vinyl group, an allyl group, or an aralkyl group,  $R^8$  may be either identical or different, individually representing an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group, a phenyl group, a vinyl group, an allyl group, or an aralkyl group, and q is an integer satisfying the inequality of  $0 \le q \le 3$ .

Claim 10. (Previously Presented) A solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins comprising (a) a dialkoxy magnesium compound, (b) titanium tetrachloride, (c) a phthalic acid diester or a derivative thereof, and (d<sup>l</sup>) a hydroxyl group-containing hydrocarbon compound having the following formula (1):

$$(R1)xX1(OH)n (1)$$

wherein R<sup>1</sup> is an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group having 3 to 10 carbon atoms, or a halogen atom, m, which indicates the number of R<sup>1</sup>, is 0, 1, or 2, provided that when m is 2, the two R<sup>1</sup> groups may be either identical or different, n, which indicates the number of the OH group, is 2 or 3, and X<sup>1</sup> represents a group obtainable by removing (m+n) hydrogen atoms from benzene, cyclopentane, cyclohexane, or naphthalene,

wherein the solid catalyst component is formed by contacting components (a), (b), and (c) with each other, and then contacting component (d<sup>1</sup>) with the resulting product in the presence of component (b).

Claim 11. (Previously Presented) A solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins comprising (a) a dialkoxy magnesium compound, (b) titanium tetrachloride, (c) a

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phthalic acid diester or a derivative thereof, and (d<sup>2</sup>) a mercapto group-containing hydrocarbon compound having the following formula (2):

$$(R2)aX2(SH)t (2)$$

wherein  $R^2$  is an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group having 3 to 10 carbon atoms, or a halogen atom, s, which indicates the number of  $R^2$ , is 0, 1, or 2, provided that when s is 2, the two  $R^2$  groups may be either identical or different, t, which indicates the number of mercapto groups, is 1 or 2, and  $X^2$  represents a group obtainable by removing (s+t) hydrogen atoms from benzene.

Claim 12. (Previously Presented) A catalyst for polymerization of olefins, comprising:

(A) the solid catalyst component according to claim 10 or claim 11, (B) an organoaluminum compound of the following formula (4):

$$R^{6}_{p}AlQ_{3-p} \qquad (4)$$

wherein  $R^6$  is an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, Q is a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and p is a real number satisfying the inequality 0 , and

(C) an organosilicon compound of the following formula (5):

$$R^{7}_{q}Si(OR^{8})_{4-q} \qquad (5)$$

wherein  $R^7$  may be either identical or different, individually representing an alkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group, a phenyl group, a vinyl group, an alkyl group or an aralkyl group,  $R^8$  may be either identical or different, individually representing an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group, a phenyl group, a vinyl group, an alkyl group or an aralkyl group, and q is an integer satisfying the inequality of  $0 \le q \le 3$ .

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Claim 13. (Previously Presented) The solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins according to claim 1, 2, 10 or 11, wherein the dialkoxy magnesium compound (a) has a particle size of 1 to 200  $\mu$ m.

Claim 14. (Previously Presented) The solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins according to claim 13, wherein the dialkoxy magnesium compound (a) has a particle size of 5 to 150  $\mu$ m.

Claim 15. (Previously Presented) The solid catalyst component for polymerization of olefins according to claim 1, 2, 10 or 11, wherein the phthalic acid diester (c) is dimethyl phthalate, diethyl phthalate, di-n-propyl phthalate, di-iso-propyl phthalate, di-n-butyl phthalate, di-iso-butyl phthalate, methylethyl phthalate, methyl(iso-propyl)phthalate, ethyl(n-propyl)phthalate, ethyl(n-butyl)phthalate, ethyl(iso-butyl)phthalate, di-n-pentyl phthalate, di-iso-pentyl phthalate, di-iso-decyl phthalate, di-iso-decyl phthalate, bis(2,2-dimethylhexyl) phthalate, bis(2,2-dimethylhexyl) phthalate, n-butyl(iso-hexyl phthalate, n-butyl(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-pentyl(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-pentyl(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-pentyl(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-pentyl(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-hexyl(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-hexyl(3-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-hexyl(3-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-hexyl(3-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-hexyl(3-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-heptyl(3-ethylhexyl)phthalate, n-heptyl(